Estimates of genetic parameters for scan measurements in Australian Brahmans and Santa Gertrudis adjusting for age versus adjusting for weight at scanning

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Introduction

 Scan records taken in the field provide information for BREEDPLAN carcass EBVs

• adjusted to common market weight

Should scan records be adjusted to common age or common weight ?

• effects on genetic parameters ?

Data

- Field ultrasound scan records (up to 9/96)
- Breeds
 - Santa Gertrudis (N=5587)
 - Brahman (N=3634)
- Traits
 - P8 fat depth (mm)
 P8
 - Fat depth at 12th/13th rib (mm)

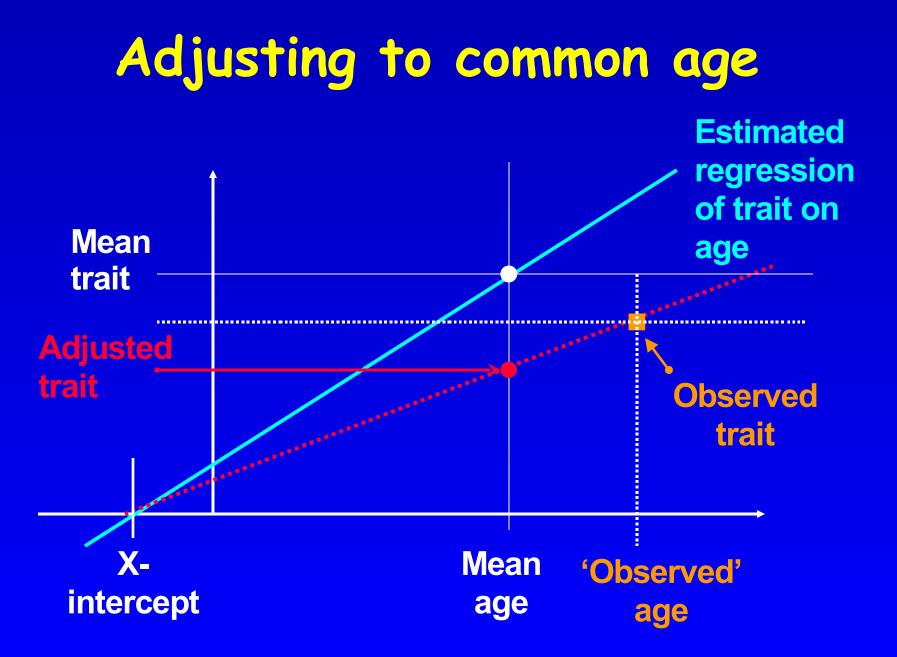
EMA

SWT

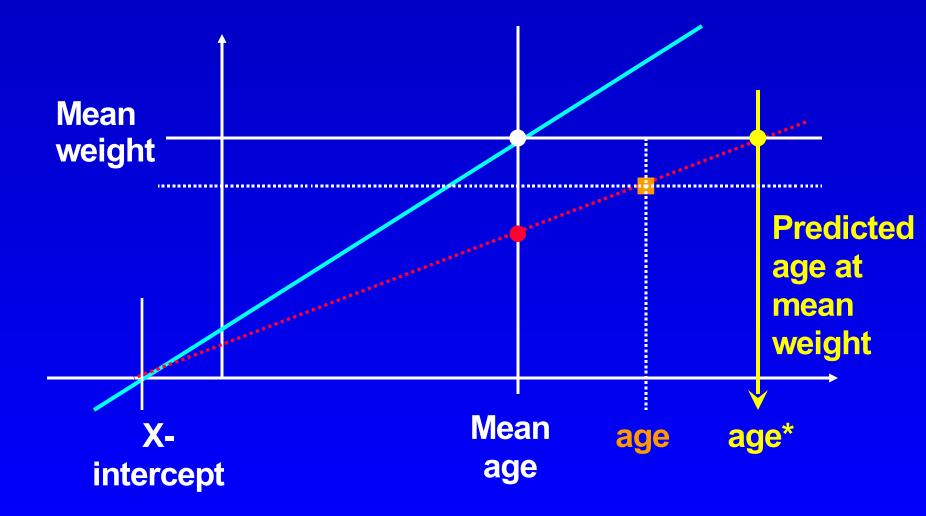
- Eye muscle area (cm²)
- Weight at scanning (kg)

Adjustment of records

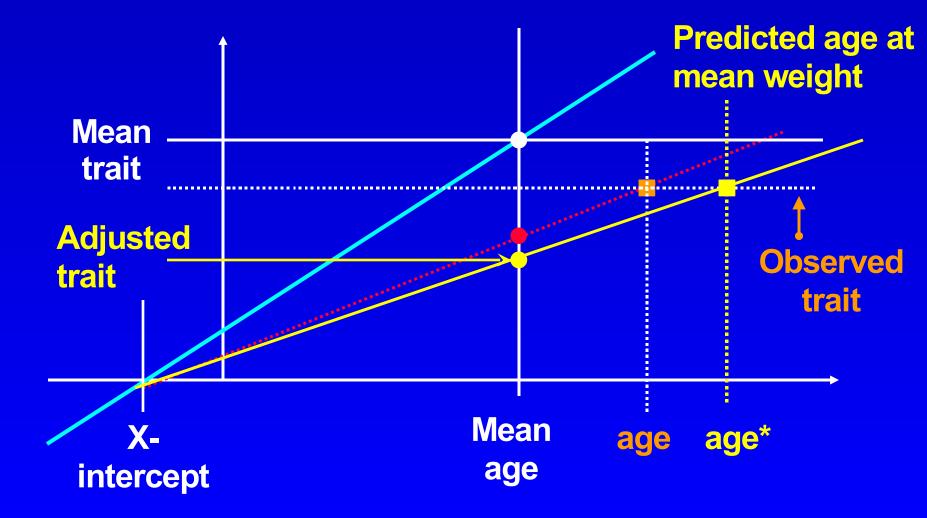
- Account for age within model of analysis
 - fit linear & quadratic covariable (within sex)
- Pre-adjust to mean age
 - X-intercept approach
- Pre-adjust to mean weight
 - Calculate predicted age at mean weight
 - X-intercept adjustment using predicted age



Adjust to common weight : Step 1



Adjust to common weight : Step 2



Notation

No superscript :

unadjusted trait

Superscript "+" :

trait pre-adjusted to mean age

Superscript "*"

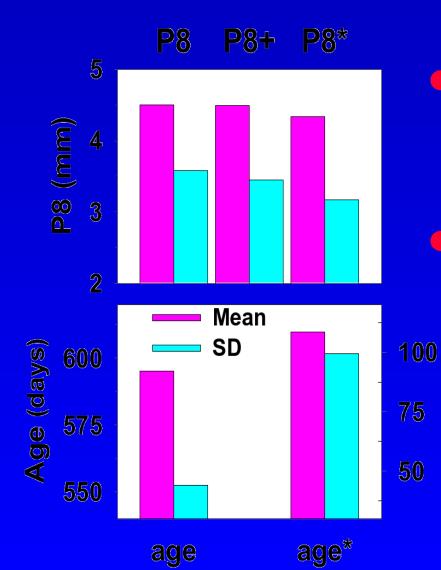
trait pre-adjusted to mean weight





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Effect of adjustments (P8, 600 days, Santa Gertrudis)



Adjust to mean age
 little effect on mean & sd of trait

- Adjust to mean weight
 - slight
 - bigger I in sd of trait

 - ↑ ↑ in sd age*



REML analyses - simple animal model univariate & fourvariate Fixed effects contemporary groups • "heifer factor" (heifer vs cow) Dam age - linear & quadratic covariable Age at scanning - linear & quadratic cov. unadjusted records only -> supply estimates of regression on age

No. of records

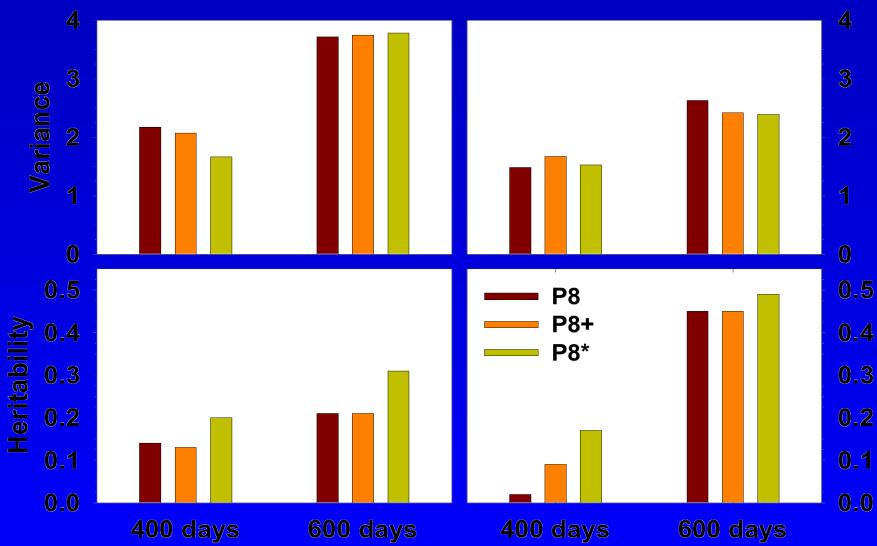
400 d 600 d

Santa Gertrudis1152-12303684-3688Brahman745-7912177-2303

P8 fat depth

Santa Gertrudis

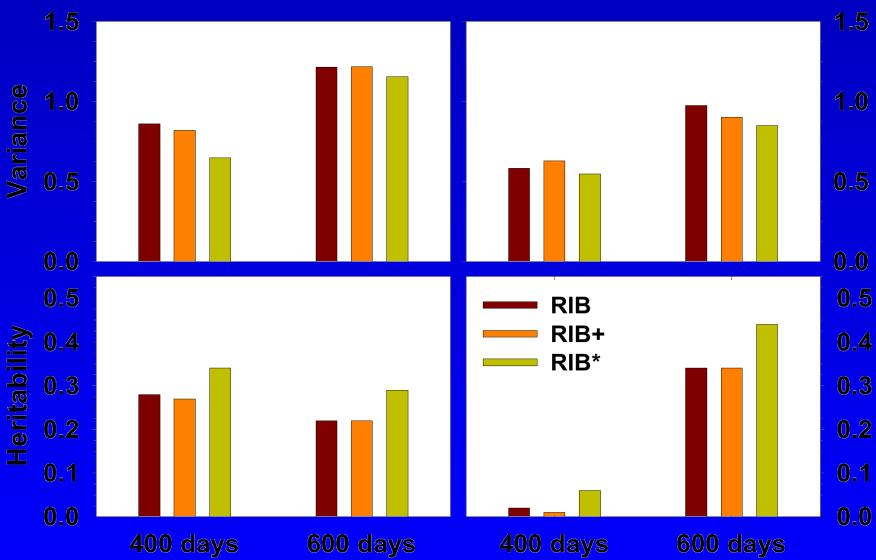
Brahman



RIB fat depth

Santa Gertrudis

Brahman

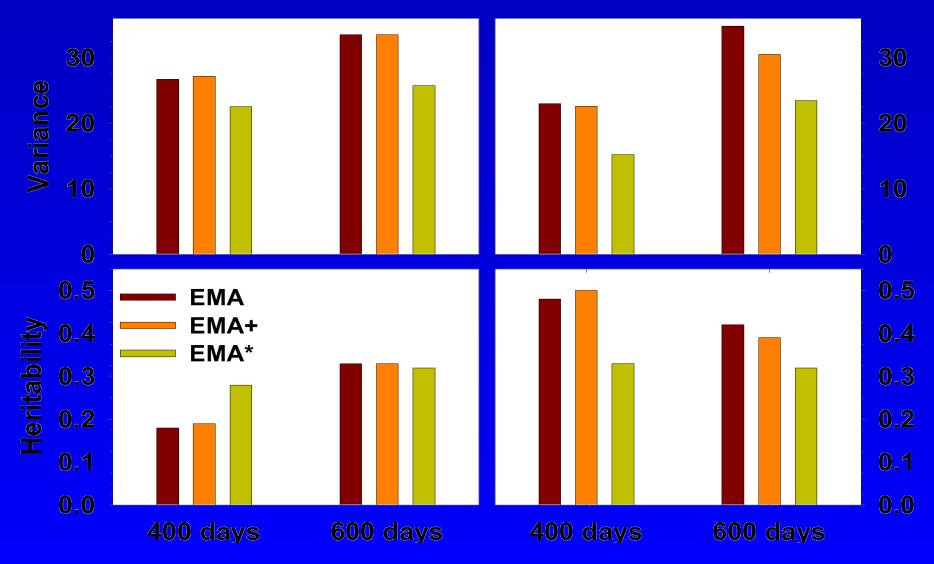


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Eye muscle area

Santa Gertrudis

Brahman

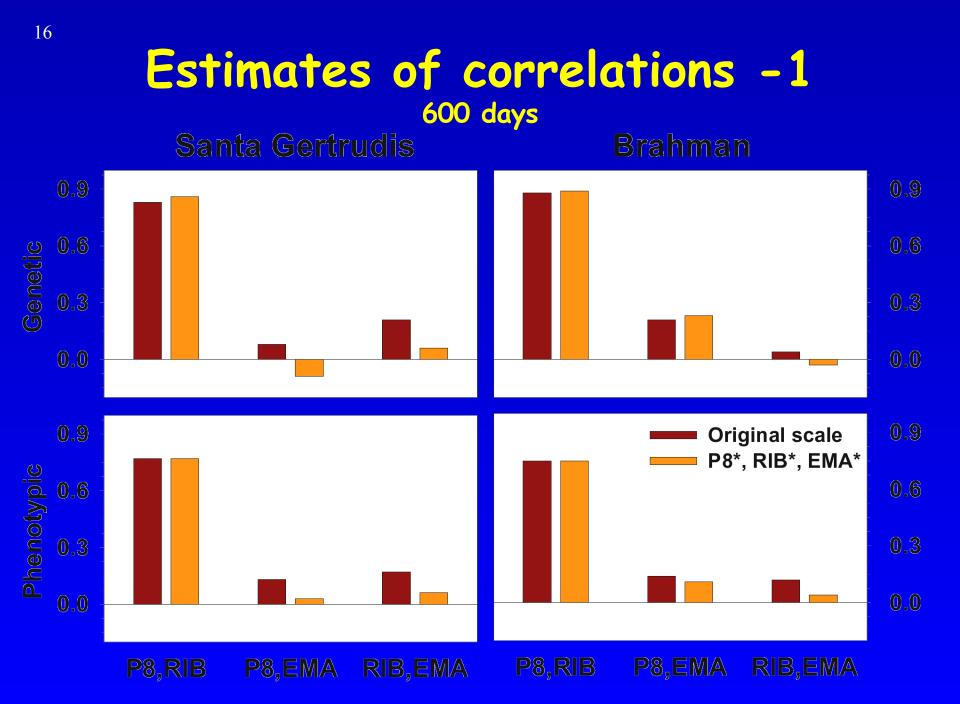


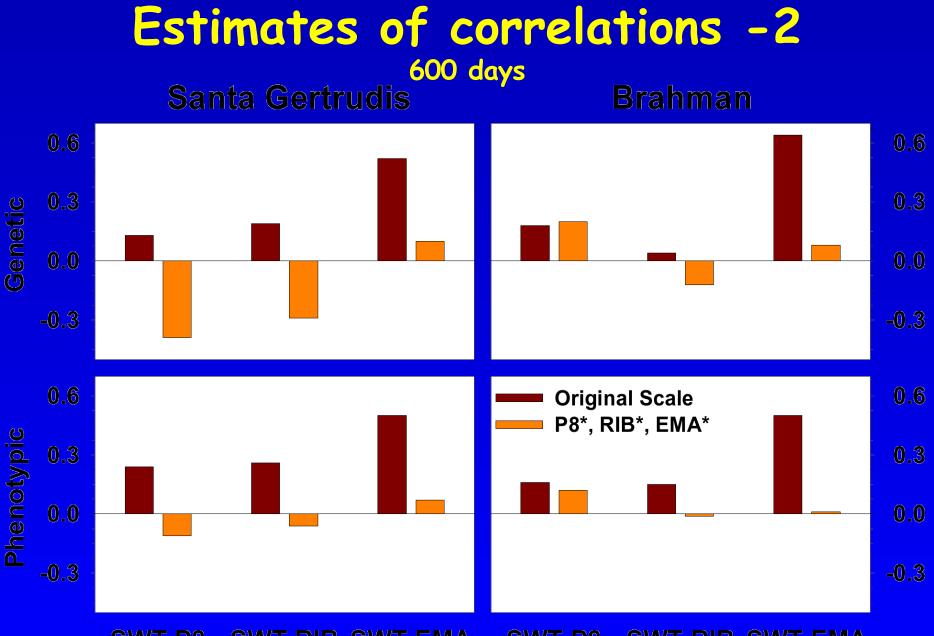
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Results - 1

Heritabilities

- similar magnitude than in bos taurus
- higher for scanning at later ages
- Adjusting to common weight tended
 - to reduce phenotypic variance (EMA*, RIB*)
 - to increase heritabilities
 - produce predicted ages with much larger ranges & variances than observed ages
- Similar results for pre-adjustment for age & adjustment within model of analysis





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SWT,P8 SWT,RIB SWT,EMA SWT,P8 SWT,RIB SWT,EMA

Results -2

Correlation estimates high r (P8, RIB) moderate r (SWT, EMA) Iow r otherwise Adjusting to common weight changes correlation structure no change r (P8, RIB) slight
 r (EMA, fat depth) • • • r (SWT, scan traits)

Conclusions

- Adjusting scan records to common weight rather than age increases heritabilities
- But : correlations with scanning weight are reduced/close to zero
 - implications for genetic evaluation when most animals have weight records only & obtain EBVs for carcass traits through correlated information ?



